## 1) Probability Distribution:

1.1) A sociologist is studying the household composition in a tribal society and is interested mainly in the number of pre-teen children in a household. It was found that $2 \%$ household do not have any child, $7 \%$ household have 1 child, $22 \%$ of the household have 2 children, $38 \%$ household have 3 children and the remaining have 4 children each. Let the random variable $X$ represent the number of pre-teen children in a household selected at random. Find then probability distribution of X . Calculate the mean and variance $X$.
1.2) An insurance company is studying the number of individuals getting hurt in each auto accident. Form a random sample of 250 auto accidents taken place last year, the company has compiled the following information:

| Number of individuals getting <br> hurt: | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number of such auto accidents: | 78 | 65 | 37 | 30 | 25 | 10 | 5 |

Let, $X$ denote the number of individuals getting hurt in an auto accident. Assuming that the above sample represents the whole population of auto accidents, find an appropriate probability distribution of $X$. If each injured individual incurs an average medical cost of $\$ 1200$ then what is the expected medical cost per auto accident?
1.3) Each year the small Pacific island nations get hit by destructive cyclones. On an average, each cyclone causes a per household damage of $\$ 1250$. Island Nation-A has the following probability distribution for the number of cyclones it encounters per year:

| Number of Cyclones per year for Nation-A: | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Probability: | 0.26 | 0.37 | 0.25 | 0.12 |

Similarly island Nation-B has the following probability distribution:

| Number of Cyclones per year for Nation-B: | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Probability: | 0.43 | 0.42 | 0.12 | 0.03 |

On a large-term basis which island nations more liveable?
1.4) A popular soft-drink company did a customer survey to determine which bottle size (in millilitre) customer preferred. A random sample of 600 customers gave the following information:

| Bottle size(in ml): | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number of customers preferring this size: | 320 | 170 | 90 | 20 |

If a person is chosen at random from this group of 600 customers, then
a) What is the probability that he/she prefers a bottle size greater than 200 ml ?
b) What is the expected value of the number of millilitre a customer will prefer?
c) What is the standard deviation of number of millilitres a customer will prefer?
1.5) A small software company, based in Bangalore bids on many BOD (business process outsourcing) contracts from the western countries. Current market assessment shows that the
company has a $20 \%$ chance of winning a large contract worth about $\$ 50,000,35 \%$ chance of winning a medium contract worth about $\$ 25,000$ and $45 \%$ chance of winning a small contract worth $\$ 10,000$. If the company bids on one small, one medium and one large contract, then what is the expected worth of contracts it gets?
1.6) A travel insurance policy for luggage cost $\$ 50$ for each piece, and will pay policy holders $\$ 5000$ for each lost luggage, or $\$ 500$ for each damage luggage. The insurance company estimates that each year, about 1 in every 1000 luggage is lost, and about 1 in 100 luggage gets damaged.
d) Define a suitable random variable to describe this insurance probability model.
e) What is the insurance company`s expected profit from each policy?
f) What is the standard deviation of the random variable?

